



BROOKE &
MARSHLAND
FEDERATION

Year 3 Home Learning

Theme: Hail Caesar

Summer Term week 9

PSHCE Monday - Jigsaw

- ▶ Lockdown can be boring; not being allowed to go outside and do what you want sucks! But, take a moment to think of all the lovely things that have happened because of lock down, and make a list. I've written one to help you!
- ▶ Miss Goughs List of good things about the lockdown;
- ▶ The canals and waterways in Venice are lovely and clean
- ▶ Miss Gough has learnt to bake so many new things! Like lemon bars and brownies
- ▶ I can now run 7km, more than I ever could before
- ▶ Finally caught up on watching my Netflix shows
- ▶ Played Board games with my family for the first time in years.



English lesson 1

Listen carefully to the story Escape from Pompeii

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sUr9MmKnZBM> part 1

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EJ9B_K1CyiE part 2

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Kv5v2G1MDtw> part 3.

You can watch all 3 parts before answering the questions.

The questions below are based on part 1.

Looking

Who was Tranio's father?

Clue

How do you know Tranio and Liv were friends?

Why did the actors carry on when Tranio's told them to? (3mins 10seconds to 3mins 30seconds)

Thinking

Tranio and Liv sneaked on to the boat.

Did they make the right choice? Why or why not?

English lesson 2

Write a paragraph to describe what is happening in the picture. You can refer back to the text for ideas.

Include expanded noun phrase and/or commas in a list.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UFJP1FNUEVY>

Expanded noun phrase = adjective, adjective noun

For example:

The immense, scorching volcano erupted.

Commas in a list

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cQOX3UdeAZI>

For example:

The devastating, thick and grey ash covered the town.



Adjective poster on the next slide. Please choose your own as well and you could use a thesaurus to up-level your adjectives.

Adjectives

People

adorable
adventurous
aggressive
annoying
beautiful
caring
clumsy
confident
considerate
excitable
glamorous
grumpy
happy
helpful
important
intimidating
obnoxious
odd
talented

Objects

bright
clear
distinct
drab
elegant
filthy
gleaming
grotesque
long
magnificent
precious
sparkling
spotless
strange
unsightly
unusual
valuable

Comfortable Feelings

brave
calm
cheerful
comfortable
courageous
determined
eager
elated
encouraged
energetic
enthusiastic
excited
exuberant
fantastic
fine
healthy
joyful
pleasant
relieved

Uncomfortable Feelings

angry
annoyed
anxious
ashamed
awful
bewildered
bored
confused
defeated
defiant
depressed
disgusted
disturbed
dizzy
embarrassed
envious
frightened
hungry
lonely

Size

big
colossal
enormous
gigantic
great
huge
immense
large
little
long
mammoth
massive
meagre
mighty
mini
minuscule
petite
puny
short

Time

ancient
brief
early
fast
late
modern
old
quick
rapid
short
slow
swift
young

English lesson 3

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sUr9MmKnZBM> part 1

Pretend you are a child in Pompeii before the volcano erupted. Write a diary entry for things you saw and the things you did during your day. Think about Tranios life and what he did.

Dear diary,

SKILL: include year 3 and 4 words

Poster with year 3 and 4 words on the next slide.

Year 3 and 4 words

Aa

accident
accidentally
actual
actually
address
although
answer
appear
arrive

Bb

believe
bicycle
breath
breathe
build
busy
business

Cc

calendar
caught
centre
century
certain
circle
complete
consider
continue

Dd

decide
describe
different
difficult
disappear

Ee

early
earth
eight
eighth
enough
exercise
experience
extreme

Ff

famous
favourite
February
forward
forwards

Gg

grammar
group
guard
guide

Hh

heard
heart
height
history

Ii

imagine
increase
important
interest
island

Mm

material
medicine
mention
minute

Pp

particular
peculiar
perhaps
popular
position
possess
possession
possible
potatoes
pressure
probably
promise
purpose

Ss

sentence
separate
special
straight
strange
strength
suppose
surprise

Kk

knowledge

Rr

recent
regular
reign
remember

Tt

therefore
though
thought
through

Vv

various

Ll

learn
length
library

Nn

natural
naughty
notice

Oo

occasion
occasionally
often
opposite
ordinary

Qq

quarter
question

Ww

weight
woman
women

English lesson 4

"Mum, can I have a dinosaur cake for my birthday?" asked Kian

"Of course you can Kian, you will have to wait until September though," replied mum.

Kian said, "Mum, I have been an extremely good boy and I will say thank you."

Look carefully at the inverted commas in the sentences above, look carefully where you can see a comma, full stop or question mark. Always start a new line when someone new speaks.

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zvwwxnb/articles/ztcp97h>

There is an inverted comma poster to help you on the next slide.

Include inverted commas in the correct place in the sentences below.

What's for dinner dad? Jacinda asked her dad.

The witch looked at her sisters and asked, When will we three meet again?

The mouse looked at the fox and quivered, Please don't eat me.

I'm stuck! declared Sam as he held up his hand.

Challenge

Write your own conversation between 2 people or yourself and a member of your family.

Punctuate it correctly.

Inverted Commas

Beginning and End

Keep your inverted commas at the beginning and the end of the words being spoken.
"Stop!" I said.

New Speaker, New Line

Start a new line whenever someone new speaks.
"How are you doing today?" asked Henry.
"I'm great!" said Ashton.

Capital Letter

Begin what is spoken with a capital letter!
"What an amazing day!" he announced.

Different Names

Inverted Commas are also called:
Speech Marks
Quotation Marks

Commas

Remember to add commas.
Ashton whispered, "Be quiet!"
"Goodbye," said Jules.

Punctuation

Make sure your speech is correctly punctuated!
"There are times, I feel, that you are a little cold," I said.

English lesson 5

Tornio and Liv are on the boat.

Write a conversation between the two characters.

Think carefully about how they might be feeling or what they might be thinking.

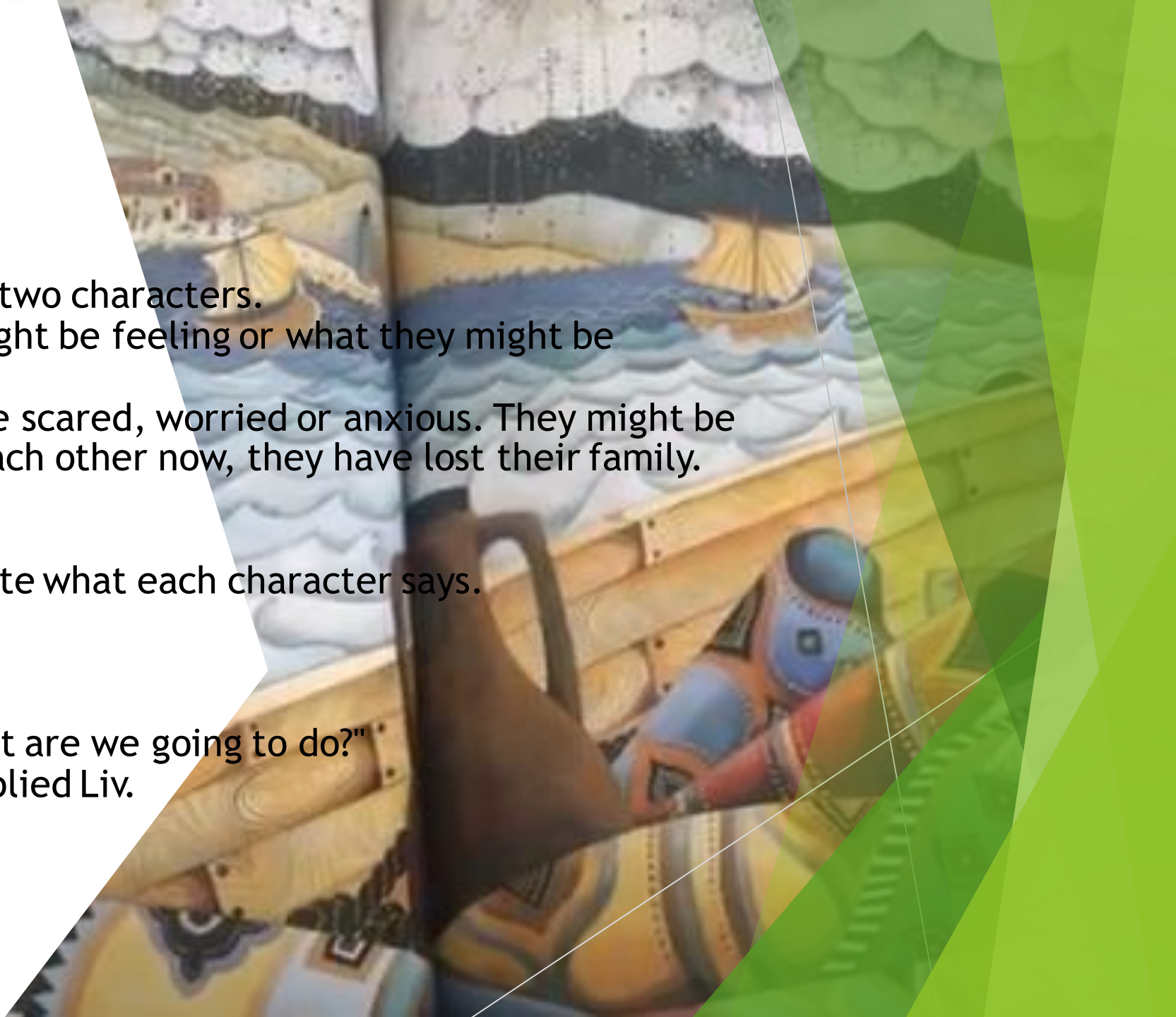
My thoughts are that they might be scared, worried or anxious. They might be thinking that they have only got each other now, they have lost their family.

SKILL: include inverted to punctuate what each character says.

For example

Tornio looked over in despair "What are we going to do?"

"I have no idea, it is a disaster" replied Liv.



Said Synonyms

shouted mumbled called uttered whispered whined mentioned argued announced

chanted moaned yelled grumbled screamed responded exclaimed

cried retorted murmured chuckled giggled wailed

explained chattered demanded complained babbled

bellowed asked replied answered roared

replied lied pleaded stated

cackled yawned boasted gasped stammered

stormed voiced sobbed screamed

observed howled pestered queried recited

sighed groaned grunted shrieked

ranted thundered reported uttered remarked

Maths lesson 1

Fill in the missing numbers in the multiplication tables grid.

$11 \times 5 =$	$3 \times 4 =$	$7 \times 10 =$	$4 \times 3 =$	$1 \times 4 =$	$9 \times 2 =$
$5 \times 3 =$	$5 \times 8 =$	$3 \times 11 =$	$5 \times 2 =$	$5 \times 3 =$	$10 \times 8 =$
$8 \times 10 =$	$10 \times 5 =$	$2 \times 2 =$	$10 \times 1 =$	$9 \times 5 =$	$8 \times 6 =$
$1 \times 2 =$	$4 \times 3 =$	$10 \times 4 =$	$2 \times 4 =$	$4 \times 9 =$	$9 \times 4 =$
$3 \times 1 =$	$9 \times 8 =$	$3 \times 4 =$	$5 \times 1 =$	$6 \times 10 =$	$4 \times 8 =$
$4 \times 4 =$	$3 \times 2 =$	$2 \times 3 =$	$8 \times 8 =$	$10 \times 10 =$	$1 \times 3 =$
$10 \times 5 =$	$8 \times 3 =$	$4 \times 2 =$	$8 \times 2 =$	$3 \times 2 =$	$8 \times 1 =$
$3 \times 3 =$	$6 \times 8 =$	$2 \times 8 =$	$3 \times 5 =$	$4 \times 1 =$	$7 \times 8 =$
$5 \times 4 =$	$10 \times 2 =$	$7 \times 5 =$	$12 \times 5 =$	$10 \times 2 =$	$5 \times 7 =$
$8 \times 5 =$	$3 \times 9 =$	$8 \times 8 =$	$3 \times 12 =$	$5 \times 4 =$	$3 \times 7 =$
$10 \times 10 =$	$4 \times 10 =$	$5 \times 8 =$	$5 \times 9 =$	$11 \times 8 =$	$11 \times 4 =$
$8 \times 4 =$	$3 \times 10 =$	$2 \times 10 =$	$11 \times 2 =$	$2 \times 1 =$	$10 \times 3 =$
$5 \times 2 =$	$10 \times 4 =$	$9 \times 10 =$	$8 \times 5 =$	$11 \times 10 =$	$2 \times 7 =$
$4 \times 5 =$	$11 \times 3 =$	$2 \times 6 =$	$3 \times 10 =$	$3 \times 6 =$	$6 \times 2 =$
$5 \times 5 =$	$8 \times 12 =$	$6 \times 3 =$	$5 \times 6 =$	$6 \times 5 =$	$4 \times 7 =$
$3 \times 8 =$	$4 \times 6 =$	$8 \times 11 =$	$10 \times 3 =$	$3 \times 8 =$	$5 \times 5 =$
$7 \times 3 =$	$7 \times 4 =$	$4 \times 11 =$	$2 \times 3 =$	$6 \times 4 =$	$9 \times 3 =$
$2 \times 10 =$	$2 \times 4 =$	$3 \times 3 =$	$4 \times 8 =$	$4 \times 10 =$	$10 \times 9 =$
$2 \times 2 =$	$5 \times 12 =$	$4 \times 2 =$	$10 \times 6 =$	$1 \times 5 =$	$2 \times 11 =$
$8 \times 4 =$	$2 \times 5 =$	$8 \times 10 =$	$2 \times 9 =$	$8 \times 9 =$	$12 \times 2 =$
$2 \times 2 =$	$2 \times 8 =$	$1 \times 10 =$	$12 \times 4 =$	$12 \times 8 =$	$8 \times 7 =$
$12 \times 3 =$	$2 \times 5 =$	$4 \times 4 =$	$5 \times 11 =$	$4 \times 12 =$	$5 \times 10 =$
$10 \times 8 =$	$4 \times 5 =$	$10 \times 7 =$	$12 \times 10 =$	$8 \times 2 =$	$10 \times 11 =$
$7 \times 2 =$	$10 \times 12 =$	$8 \times 3 =$	$1 \times 8 =$	$5 \times 10 =$	$3 \times 5 =$

Maths lesson 2

Fill in the missing numbers in the division grid.

$8 \div 8 =$	$32 \div 4 =$	$40 \div 8 =$	$70 \div 10 =$	$24 \div 8 =$	$8 \div 1 =$
$20 \div 5 =$	$16 \div 8 =$	$25 \div 5 =$	$40 \div 5 =$	$20 \div 4 =$	$12 \div 4 =$
$50 \div 10 =$	$4 \div 4 =$	$40 \div 10 =$	$20 \div 4 =$	$12 \div 2 =$	$30 \div 10 =$
$50 \div 5 =$	$24 \div 4 =$	$25 \div 5 =$	$32 \div 8 =$	$6 \div 3 =$	$55 \div 5 =$
$80 \div 10 =$	$3 \div 3 =$	$10 \div 5 =$	$8 \div 4 =$	$12 \div 3 =$	$15 \div 3 =$
$30 \div 5 =$	$90 \div 10 =$	$30 \div 3 =$	$20 \div 10 =$	$16 \div 4 =$	$70 \div 10 =$
$15 \div 5 =$	$24 \div 3 =$	$24 \div 2 =$	$5 \div 5 =$	$80 \div 8 =$	$48 \div 8 =$
$56 \div 8 =$	$22 \div 2 =$	$8 \div 4 =$	$20 \div 2 =$	$20 \div 2 =$	$10 \div 5 =$
$45 \div 5 =$	$90 \div 10 =$	$64 \div 8 =$	$80 \div 10 =$	$55 \div 5 =$	$10 \div 1 =$
$35 \div 5 =$	$14 \div 2 =$	$60 \div 5 =$	$30 \div 5 =$	$24 \div 3 =$	$16 \div 2 =$
$40 \div 5 =$	$16 \div 8 =$	$35 \div 5 =$	$9 \div 3 =$	$2 \div 1 =$	$12 \div 3 =$
$21 \div 3 =$	$10 \div 10 =$	$10 \div 2 =$	$5 \div 1 =$	$15 \div 3 =$	$60 \div 5 =$
$60 \div 10 =$	$18 \div 3 =$	$72 \div 8 =$	$60 \div 10 =$	$50 \div 10 =$	$80 \div 8 =$
$14 \div 2 =$	$110 \div 10 =$	$50 \div 5 =$	$100 \div 10 =$	$24 \div 4 =$	$30 \div 10 =$
$4 \div 2 =$	$100 \div 10 =$	$21 \div 3 =$	$45 \div 5 =$	$18 \div 3 =$	$16 \div 2 =$
$120 \div 10 =$	$48 \div 4 =$	$72 \div 8 =$	$28 \div 4 =$	$33 \div 3 =$	$16 \div 4 =$
$18 \div 2 =$	$64 \div 8 =$	$40 \div 8 =$	$40 \div 4 =$	$9 \div 3 =$	$6 \div 2 =$
$12 \div 2 =$	$24 \div 8 =$	$56 \div 8 =$	$12 \div 3 =$	$20 \div 10 =$	$20 \div 5 =$
$44 \div 4 =$	$88 \div 8 =$	$40 \div 4 =$	$15 \div 5 =$	$24 \div 2 =$	$28 \div 4 =$
$36 \div 3 =$	$10 \div 2 =$	$32 \div 8 =$	$27 \div 3 =$	$3 \div 1 =$	$6 \div 2 =$
$88 \div 8 =$	$33 \div 3 =$	$12 \div 4 =$	$8 \div 2 =$	$48 \div 8 =$	$96 \div 8 =$
$36 \div 12 =$	$36 \div 4 =$	$36 \div 4 =$	$18 \div 2 =$	$4 \div 2 =$	$8 \div 2 =$
$48 \div 4 =$	$2 \div 2 =$	$30 \div 3 =$	$22 \div 2 =$	$120 \div 10 =$	$27 \div 3 =$
$4 \div 1 =$	$40 \div 10 =$	$44 \div 4 =$	$96 \div 8 =$	$32 \div 4 =$	$110 \div 10 =$

Maths lesson 3

Fill in the missing numbers in the multiplication triangles.

1.
$$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 8 \times \square \end{array}$$

2.
$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \times 9 \end{array}$$

3.
$$\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \times 5 \end{array}$$

4.
$$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 3 \times \square \end{array}$$

5.
$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 8 \times 9 \end{array}$$

6.
$$\begin{array}{c} 40 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \times 5 \end{array}$$

7.
$$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \times \square \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \times 6 \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{c} 36 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \times 12 \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 3 \times \square \end{array}$$

11.
$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 8 \times 8 \end{array}$$

12.
$$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \times 7 \end{array}$$

Maths lesson 4

Fill in the missing numbers in the multiplication triangles.

1.

$$\begin{array}{c} 80 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 8 \quad \times \quad \square \end{array}$$

2.

$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \quad \times \quad 8 \end{array}$$

3.

$$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \quad \times \quad 3 \end{array}$$

4.

$$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 3 \quad \times \quad \square \end{array}$$

5.

$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 8 \quad \times \quad 2 \end{array}$$

6.

$$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \quad \times \quad 1 \end{array}$$

7.

$$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \quad \times \quad \square \end{array}$$

8.

$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \quad \times \quad 4 \end{array}$$

9.

$$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \quad \times \quad 3 \end{array}$$

10.

$$\begin{array}{c} 96 \\ \div \quad \div \\ 8 \quad \times \quad \square \end{array}$$

11.

$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \div \quad \div \\ 4 \quad \times \quad 7 \end{array}$$

12.

$$\begin{array}{c} 88 \\ \div \quad \div \\ \square \quad \times \quad 11 \end{array}$$

Maths lesson 5



Today's tasks:

1. Log onto Times Tables Rockstars and practice your times tables!
2. Practice telling the time today. Ask your adult or older brother/sister to test you!
3. How many steps does it take for you to walk from your front door to the end of your front or back garden? How many seconds does it take you? Challenge yourself and see if you can do it quicker and in less steps!



Topic lesson 1 - History

The ancient Romans had a lot of Gods, for a variety of different things. I am going to give you three Roman gods. Choose one, and write a story about them using their powers to help the ancient romans.

Neptune: The god of the sea and storms. Romans prayed to him to protect them as they sailed across the ocean and fished in the sea.

Venus: The Goddess of love. Romans prayed to her to find them families and loved ones.

Apollo: the god of sun, healing, music and prophecy. Romans prayed to them to help them get better when they were sick, to inspire them to write music and songs or to pray for nice summers to help them grow their crops.

Topic lesson 2 - RE

LQ - What was the meaning of Jesus's last meal with his friends?

► Before Jesus was put on the cross by the Romans, he shared one last meal with his 12 friends. It was a very special meal, where he told them that he would always be with them, and he forgave those that were going to betray him. He gave them bread, and told them all that it was a symbol of his body, which he would give up for them, and wine, which was his blood, a symbol of the fact he was going to die and keep them safe. This meal is still replicated in Christian churches every Sunday with Mass- where Christians drink wine and eat special wafer breads.

► Imagine that you are going to have a special meal with your friends. Maybe it's a lovely meal to celebrate the end of lockdown? Plan your meal and what you and your friends are going to eat, and write a reason why. Are you going to have spaghetti bolognese, because it is you and your friends favourite meal? Are you going to drink Cherryade because red is your favourite colour? Try and come up with a lovely meal, with a lovely meaning behind it for you and all your friends.



Additional resource links